Parent Guide to Grammar in OJR

2nd Grade

Grammar, conventions, and language usage are foundational skills taught as part of the OJR English Language Arts (ELA) Curriculum. These skills are taught within the core curriculum and are aligned with state grade level expectations. The focus for instruction in these areas is on application in reading texts and writing narratives, informational, and persuasive pieces.

Some examples of how of students are taught foundational skills in reading and writing:

- As readers, students are taught to notice the author's use of commas to separate items in a series, understand simple verb-tense agreement to indicate time, and look at important words that authors using in telling stories or teaching us in an informational text.
- As writers, students are taught to use conventions to create meaning in narratives, persuasive essays, and informational texts. Writers learn that punctuation signals the reader to attend to important ideas and that proper nouns are important so they need to be capitalized.

In this handout you will find the expectations, or "non-negotiable," for your child's grade level. At home parents can support the mastery and automaticity of these skills by having your child consistently use skills taught in the previous year when publishing writing or completing homework in all subject areas. When students are drafting new pieces of work, the focus is on constructing meaning. In new writing pieces, editing and "non-negotiable" expectations can be addressed in revising and editing work closer to publication. As students learn new skills throughout this year, you can begin to add those new grade level skills to the "non-negotiable" list from previous years.

You may notice some repetition of skills in previous or subsequent grades. This expectation repeats intentionally to support student learning and application of the skills in more complex pieces of writing.

All grade level skills can be found by accessing these documents at: <u>http://ojrsd.schoolwires.net/Page/6317</u>

Finally, information on handwriting/keyboarding expectations is included to help reinforce when students should be using those skills consistently.

Grammar, Conventions, & Language Usage ~ Grade 2
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		iventions, & Language Usage ~ Grad	
	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3
	*Reinforce these skills at home	*Reinforce and add to the "Non-	*Students may using, but confusing these skills and do not need to be
	and have students use in writing	Negotiables" list as skills are	reinforced at this time
	"Non-Negotiables"	introduced throughout the year	
Grammar	 Use the simple verb tenses (e.g., <i>I</i> walked; <i>I</i> walk; <i>I</i> will walk). 	 Identifies nouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in general and their functions in particular sentences. Use the simple verb tenses (e.g., <i>I walked; I walk; I will walk</i>). 	 Explain the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in general and their functions in particular sentences. Form and use regular and irregular plural nouns. Use abstract nouns (e.g., <i>childhood</i>). Form and use regular and irregular verbs. Form and use the simple verb tenses (e.g., <i>l walked; l walk; l will walk</i>). Ensure subject-verb and pronounantecedent agreement. * Form and use comparative and superlative adjectives and adverbs, and choose between them depending on what is to be modified. Forms and uses regular and irregular verbs (lie, lay, rise, raise, etc.)
Punctuation	 With prompting and support, capitalize names of people. Uses word wall as a spelling resource With prompting and support, use end punctuation; use commas in dates and words in series. 	 Capitalize proper nouns. Use commas and apostrophes appropriately. Use quotation marks around the speaker's exact words 	 Use coordinating and subordinating conjunctions. Produce simple, compound, and complex sentences. Capitalize appropriate words in titles. Use commas in addresses. Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue. Form and use possessives.
Spelling	 With prompting and support spells words drawing on common spelling patterns, phonemic awareness and spelling conventions appropriate to beginning writers 	 Spell words drawing on common spelling patterns. Consult reference material as needed. Spell word wall words correctly. 	 Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happiness). Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words.
Editing/	With prompting and support, chooses	Choose words and phrases for effect.*	 Choose words and phrases to convey ideas procisely.*
Revising	words and phrases for effect.Reads back their writing		 ideas precisely.* Choose punctuation for effect.* Choose words and phrases for effect.* Writes fluently in cursive
Production and Distribution of Writing Process & Handwriting	 Revises and edits with teacher support and guidance 	 With guidance and support from adults and peers, focus on a topic and strengthen writing as needed by revising and editing. Writes fluently in manuscript. 	 With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. Writes fluently in manuscript and cursive.